

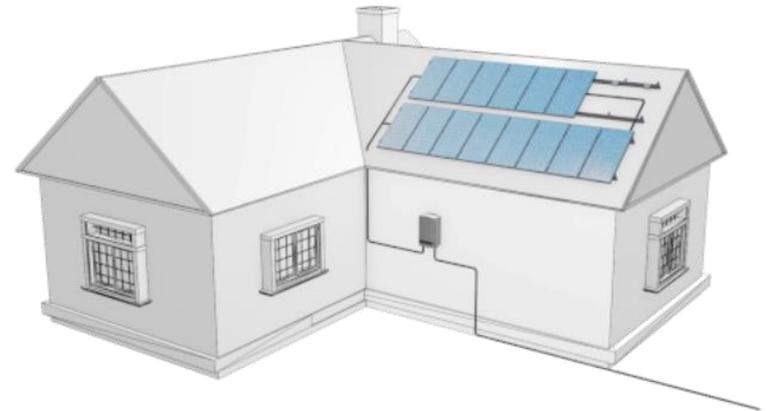
# HD-Wave Inverter Technology

**solar**edge



- In 2007, SolarEdge broke the mold with Optimized Inverters
- Breaking apart DC and AC operations led to new possibilities
- Cost efficient
  - Distributed harvesting
  - Module-level monitoring
  - SafeDC
  - Simplified designs

## SolarEdge Solution

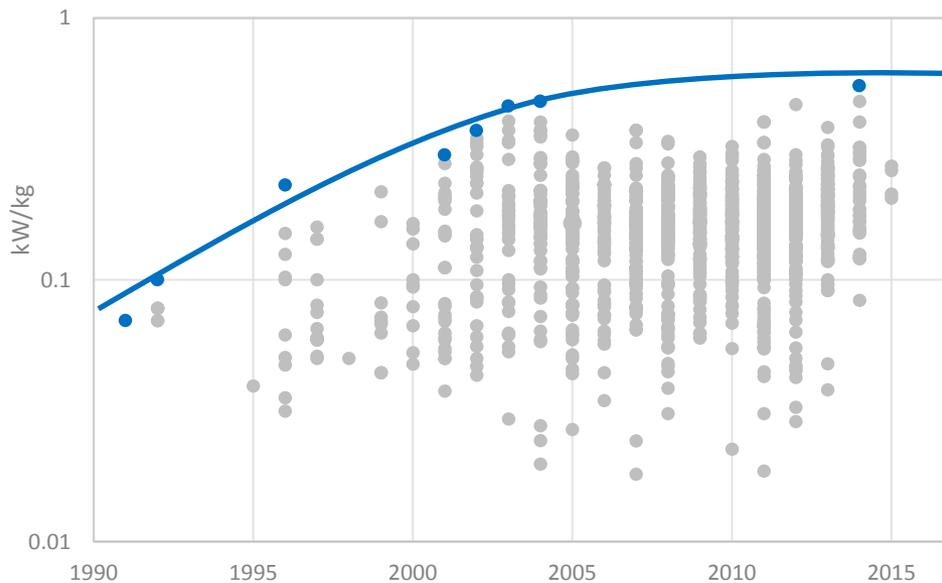


- **Now its time to do it again...**

# PV Inverters – Slow Pace of Change

- PV inverter technology has made limited progress in improving size, efficiency, and manufacturing costs
  - For example, the maximum power per kg ratio\* improved by only 5x
- Compare this to the computer industry, which has seen a doubling in processing power every 18-24 months

Inverter kW/kg improvements over 25 Years



Source: Photon database, August 2015

\* Measures power per weight  
\* Very good metric for inverter cost structure

# What is Holding Back Progress?

- Conversion design has remained fundamentally unchanged
- Existing technologies force the usage of large magnetics and cooling elements
  - This makes inverters expensive to manufacture and install

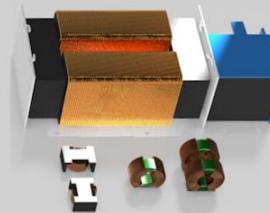
Current Inverter



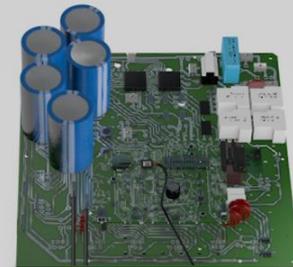
Cooling Components



Magnetics



Electronics



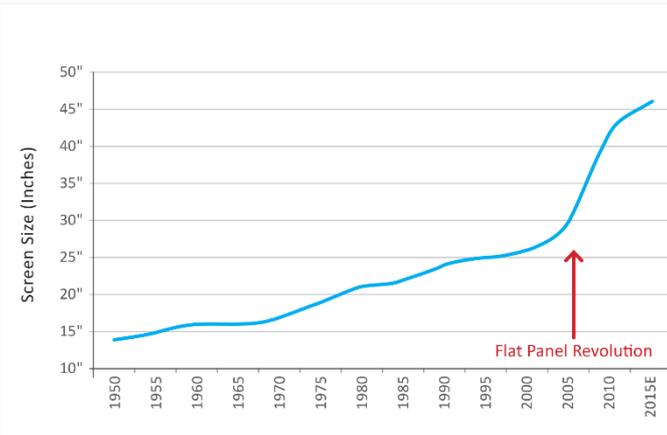
# Inverters & TVs: A Comparable History solaredge

- Since the 1930s, TV technology was dominated by CRTs
- Even the best TVs were bulky, power hungry, used heavy glass and magnetics and were bound to mechanical constraints
- Improvements were limited:
  - Size due to physical nature of the components
  - Resolution due to analogue imaging
  - Difficult to manufacture
  - Costly components



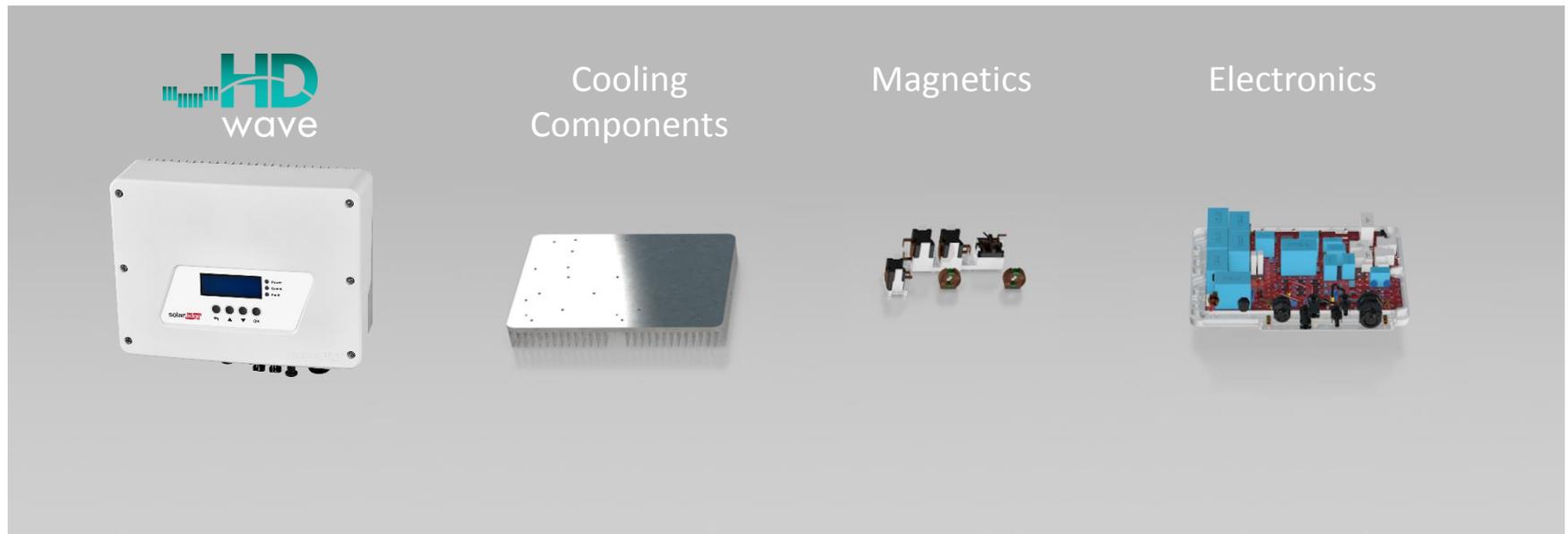
- In the 2000s, flat screen TVs unlocked the industry by replacing CRT and magnetics with electronic components allowing:
  - Slimmer and lighter TV sets, for wall-mounting
  - Higher resolution using digital processing
  - Scalable manufacturing
  - Lower cost

Average Living Room Television Size by Year



# A New Era for Inverters – HD-Wave

Distributed switching and powerful DSP processing to synthesize a clean sine wave for a dramatic reduction in the magnetics and heavy cooling elements



# Breaking the Mold

Magnetics and cooling elements are no longer the barriers to progress

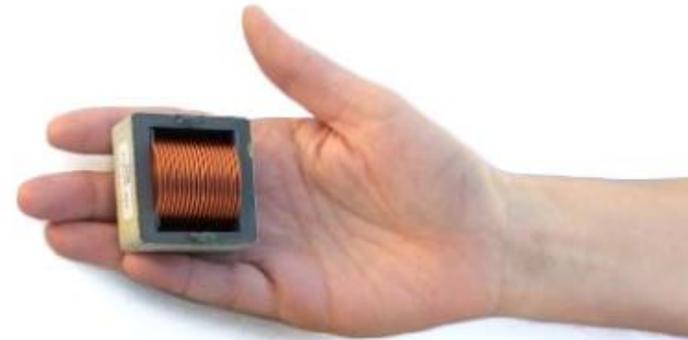
Current Technology



16 x less magnetics



HD-Wave Technology



# Breaking the Mold

Magnetics and cooling elements are no longer the barriers to progress

Current Technology



2.5 x less cooling



HD-Wave Technology

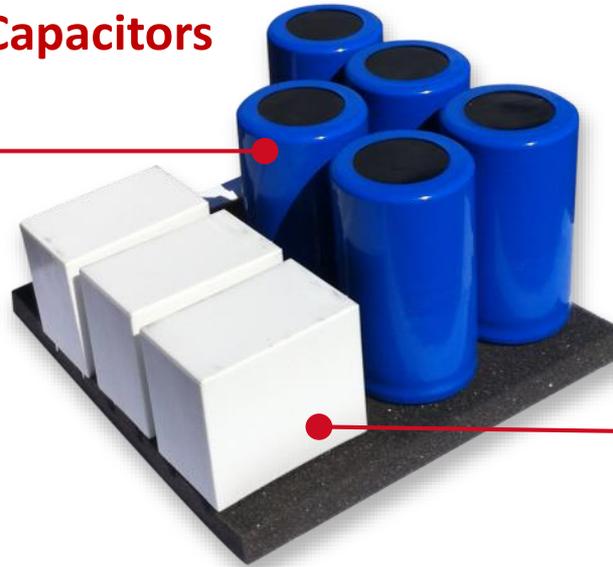


# More Reliable Internal Components

## Capacitors

### Current Technology

Utilizes electrolytic capacitors as industry standard



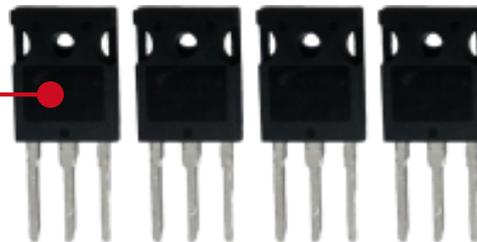
### HD-Wave Technology

Utilizes film instead of electrolytic capacitors

## Switching Elements

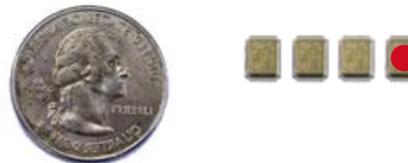
### Current Technology

Bulky and medium-performing transistor switches



### HD-Wave Technology

Much smaller, efficient and cost effective standard silicon switches





## Current SolarEdge Inverter \*

Power: 6 kW

Volume: 29.9 liters / 7.9 gallons

Weight: 22 kg / 48.5 lbs

Efficiency: 97.5%

*\* Already one of the smallest string inverters on the market*



## Next Gen HD-Wave Inverter

Power: 6 kW

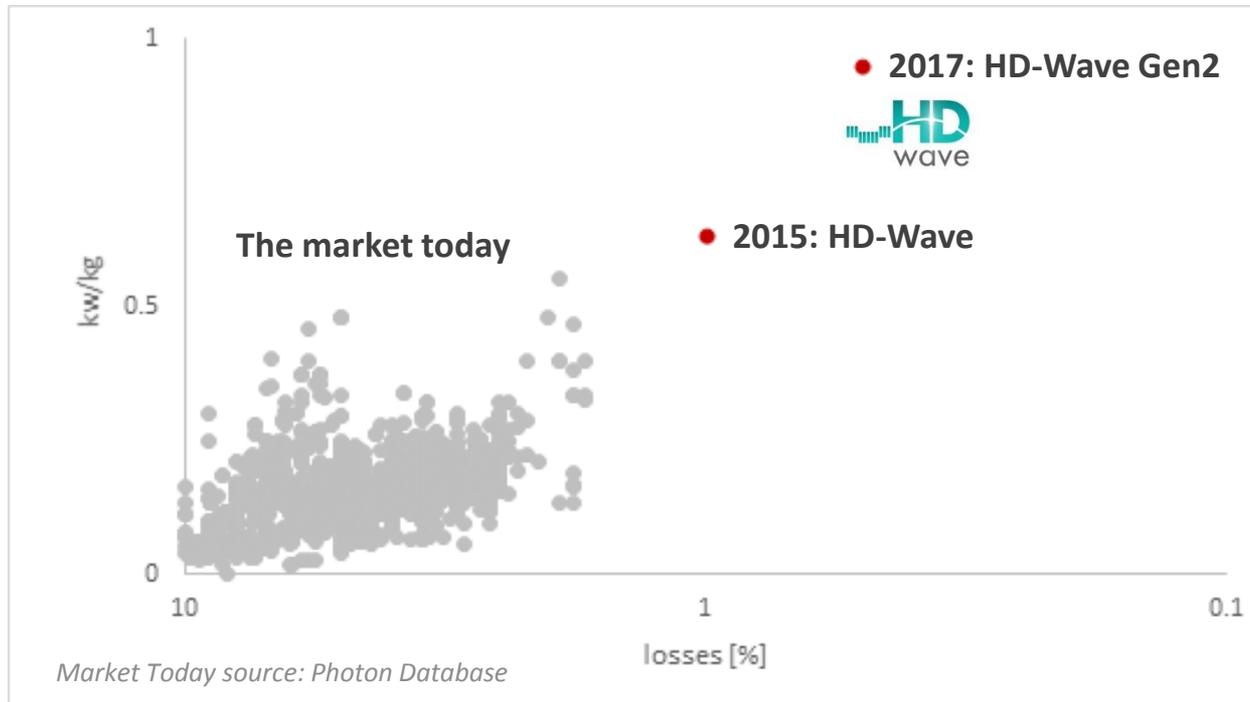
Volume: 14.5 liters / 3.8 gallons

Weight: 9.5 kg / 21 lbs

Efficiency: 99%

# What Does the Future Hold?

- HD-Wave will separate even further from the pack in efficiency and power per weight ratings
- Continuous improvement based on increased processing power and silicon integration



# Thank you

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**Email** [info@solaredge.com](mailto:info@solaredge.com)  
**Twitter** [www.twitter.com/SolarEdgePV](http://www.twitter.com/SolarEdgePV)  
**Blog** [www.solaredge.com/blog](http://www.solaredge.com/blog)

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